

# The Future of Speed Training

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# Overview

- ▶ Speed and Acceleration in Soccer
- ▶ Commonly Used Methods of Speed Training
- ▶ Treadmill Training: A New Method of Speed Training
- ▶ Our Research: *The Future* of Speed Training

# A Bit About Me

- ▶ Not a chiropractor!
- ▶ Entrepreneur and Small Business Owner
- ▶ Professional Fitness Coach
- ▶ University Lecturer and Researcher
  - Exercise Physiology and Biomechanics
- ▶ Coach Educator



# A Bit About Soccer Fitness Inc.

- A soccer-specific strength and conditioning company located in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

## Our Principles of Training:

1. Athlete  
Assessment and  
Monitoring of  
Training

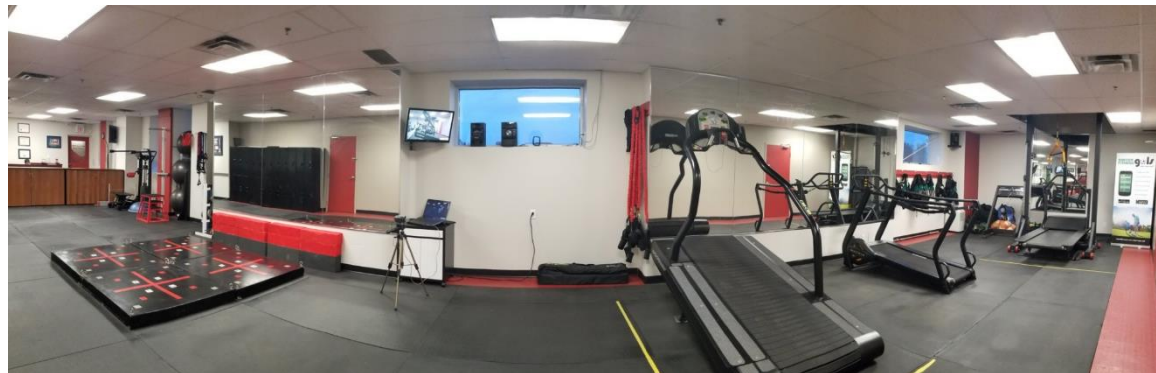
2. Functional,  
Sport-Specific  
Training

3. Science-Based  
Training

4. Customization  
and Periodization  
of Training

5. Athlete/Coach  
Education and  
Professional  
Development

6. Athlete  
Enjoyment



# The Future of Speed Training

»» Speed and Acceleration in Soccer

# Speed in Soccer

- ▶ Speed is a critical characteristic of performance in soccer



# Speed in Soccer

- ▶ Speed is the ability to achieve maximum velocity, typically determined with the following equation:  
**stride length x stride frequency**



# Speed in Soccer

- ▶ Speed in soccer: includes maximum velocity, maximum acceleration (change in velocity), repeated sprint sequences, intermittent high intensity running activity



# Acceleration in Soccer

- ▶ Acceleration – or, short distance sprinting – is a key characteristic of speed in soccer:
  - “Top class” – professional – male players perform more high intensity running and sprinting than semi-professional players (Gissis et al., 2006)
  - Average number of sprints per game in male soccer:  $11.2 \pm 5.3$  (Andrzejewski et. al., 2013)
  - Average sprint distance in male soccer: 10–20m (Andrzejewski et. al., 2013)



# Acceleration in Soccer

- ▶ Acceleration – or, short distance sprinting – is a key characteristic of speed in soccer:
  - “Top class” – national team – female players perform more high intensity running and sprinting than “high level” – non-national team professional players (Mohr *et. al.*, 2008)
  - Average number of sprints per game in elite female soccer: 26 (Krustrup *et. al.*, 2005)
  - Average sprint distance in female soccer: 15.8m (Vescovi, 2012)



# Summary: Speed and Acceleration in Soccer

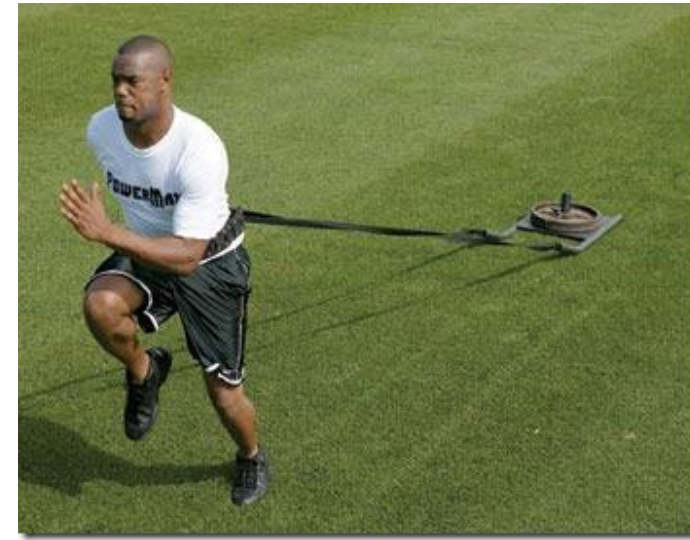
We know it is an important part of the game  
∴ We must train to improve it

# The Future of Speed Training

»» Commonly Used Methods of Speed Training

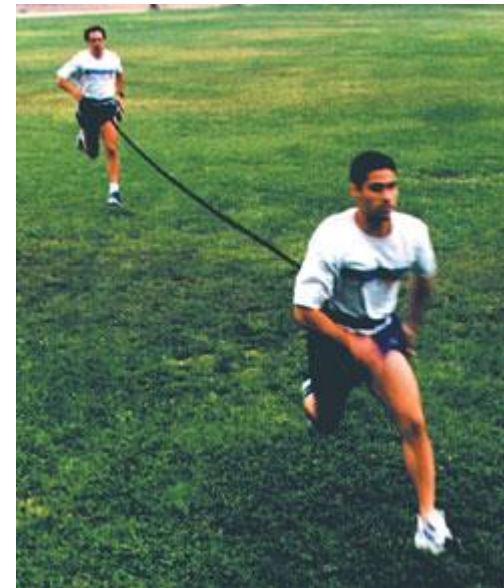
# Commonly Used Methods

- ▶ To improve acceleration:  
Improve stride length – increase leg strength and leg power
  - Linear Sprints (Tonessen et al., 2011)
  - Resisted Sprints (Spinks *et al.*, 2007)
  - Weighted Sleds (Morin et al., 2016)
  - Plyometrics (Chelly *et al.*, 2014)
  - Resistance training (80% 1RM); (Reilly, 2003)
  - Incline Running



# Commonly Used Methods

- ▶ To improve acceleration:
  - Improve stride frequency– requires increasing speed of leg muscle contractions (also termed “over-speed training”)
    - Downhill running (Chen *et. al.*, 2007)
    - Assisted sprint training with elastic loading device (Upton, 2011)



# BUT...What Do Coaches Want?

- ▶ Training that *works!*
  - Players run faster
  - Players jump higher
  - Players recover better



# BUT...What Do Coaches Want?

- ▶ Training that *works*...
  - In the minimum amount of time  
(to maximise technical/tactical training time)
  - With minimal training load (to minimize injury risk)



# The Future of Speed Training

»» Treadmill Training: A New Method of Speed Training

# Why Treadmill Training?

- ▶ Treadmill training is a more effective method of speed training compared to conventionally used methods
  - It maximizes performance improvement in a minimal amount of time
  - It minimizes the risk of injury
  - It allows coaches to focus on coaching



# High Speed Harnessed Treadmill Training

- ▶ Is an alternative method of assisted sprint training
- ▶ **Proven** to improve speed and acceleration in soccer players
  - Bucciarelli et al., 2017 (presented at 5<sup>th</sup> World Conference on Science and Soccer, Rennes, France)
  - Bucciarelli & Triumbari, 2018 (submitted to 9<sup>th</sup> World Congress on Science and Football, Melbourne, Australia)



# High Speed Harnesses Treadmill Training

- ▶ How does it work?
  - Tuff Tread HS Elite High Speed Treadmill
    - Very high speeds (up to 30 Mph / 44 Kmph)
    - Un-weighting harness (10-120 lbs.)
    - Makes athletes “feel lighter” while running – they can run at speeds higher than what they could normally reach on the ground (up to 20-30% faster)



# High Speed Harnesses Treadmill Training

- ▶ What causes the improvement in speed/acceleration?
  - Our hypothesis: improvements in stride frequency occur by increasing the speed of leg muscle contraction when running (beyond that which can be achieved on the ground)



# High Speed Harnessed Treadmill Training

- ▶ Advantageous to elastic loading devices and/or downhill running, because:
  - Workloads can be customized to each individual athlete
  - Workloads can be more easily controlled, allowing coaches to focus on quality of movement



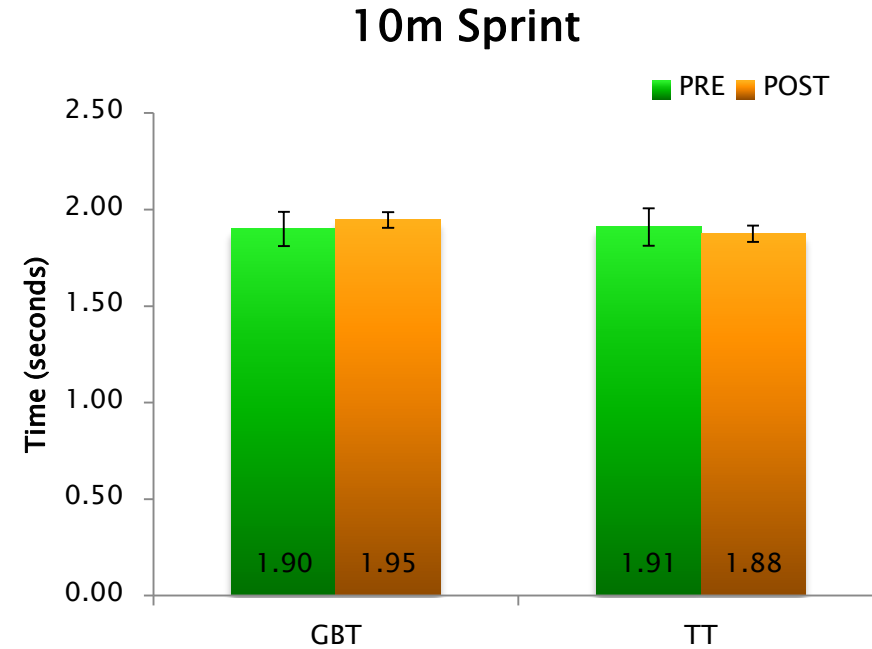
# High Speed Harnessed Treadmill Training

- ▶ Has been shown to increase activation of specific muscles involved in sprinting, i.e. hamstrings and hip flexors (Higashihara, 2010)



# High Speed Harnessed Treadmill Training

- ▶ PROVEN Benefits of High Speed Harnessed Treadmill Training  
...Players run faster!



From Bucciarelli et al., 2017

# High Speed Harnessed Treadmill Training

- ▶ PROVEN Benefits of High Speed Harnessed Treadmill Training  
...Players jump higher!



From Bucciarelli et al., 2017

# Self-Propelled, Resisted Treadmill Training

- ▶ Is an alternative method of resisted sprint training
- ▶ What causes improvements in speed/acceleration?
  - Our hypothesis: improvements in stride length occur by improving the ability of each leg to produce force



# Self-Propelled, Resisted Treadmill Training

- ▶ Is advantageous to weighted sleds or other resisted running, because intensities and loads can be more closely monitored and controlled



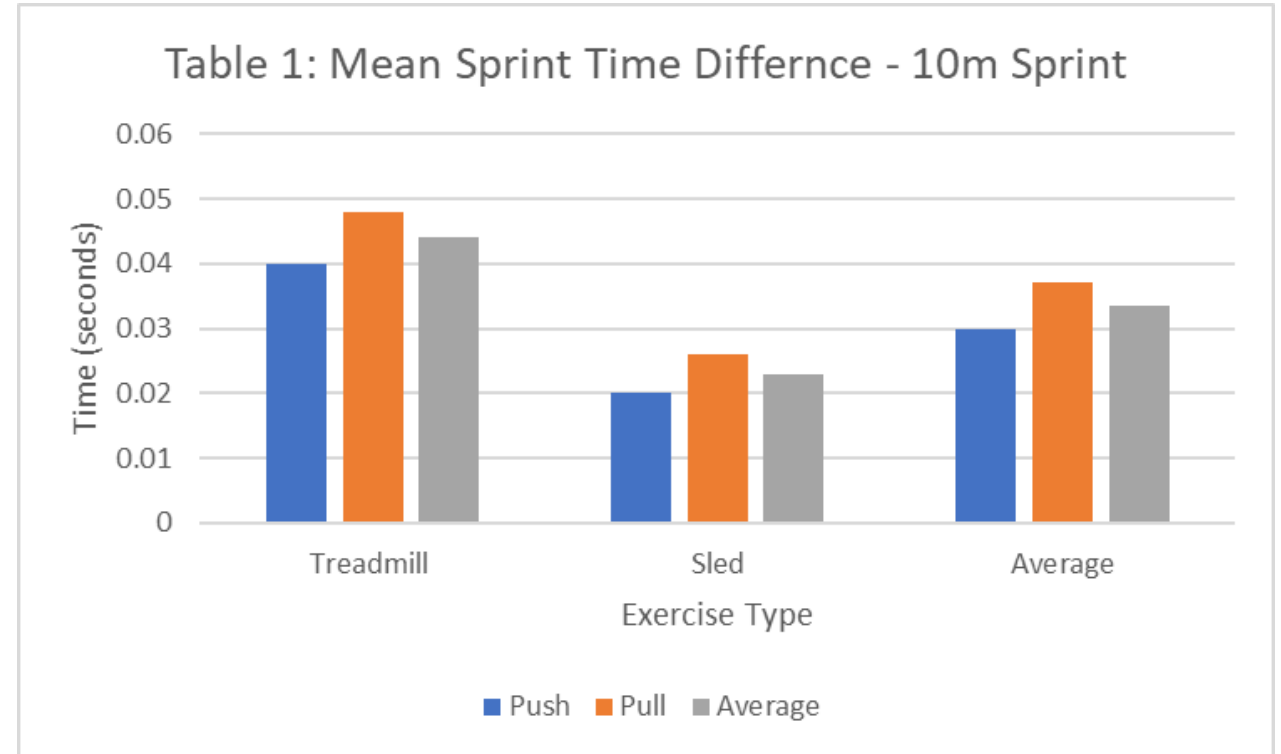
# Self-Propelled, Resisted Treadmill Training

- ▶ How does it work?
  - Matrix S-Drive Performance Trainer
    - Electromagnetic resistor on the running belt (up to 70 lbs. resistance)
    - Clamp resistor on the running belt (up to 300 lbs. resistance)



# Self-Propelled, Resisted Treadmill Training

- Unresearched – we are presently beginning a study to investigate this training method



From Bucciarelli et al., expected 2020

# High Speed/ High Incline Treadmill Training

- ▶ Is an alternative method of resisted AND assisted running training
  - Proven to be effective in improving speed, power, and recovery in soccer players
    - Bucciarelli et al., 2015 (published in International Research in Science and Soccer II)
    - Srbely, Linde, Bucciarelli, 2015 (presented at 5<sup>th</sup> World Conference on Science and Soccer, Rennes, France)



# High Speed/ High Incline Treadmill Training

- ▶ How does it work?
  - Woodway Pro-XL Treadmill
    - High speed  
(up to 15 Mph / 24 Kmph)
    - High Incline (up to 25% grade)
    - Used to perform “hill sprints” while maintaining a high running speed



# High Speed/ High Incline Treadmill Training

- ▶ What causes improvements in speed/acceleration, and recovery?
  - Our hypothesis: improvements in stride frequency occur by increasing the speed of leg muscle contractions when running



# High Speed/ High Incline Treadmill Training

- ▶ Is advantageous to weighted sleds and/or hill training due to increased ability to prescribe, monitor, and adjust workload to athletes
- ▶ Allows coaches to focus on coaching!



# High Speed/ High Incline Treadmill Training

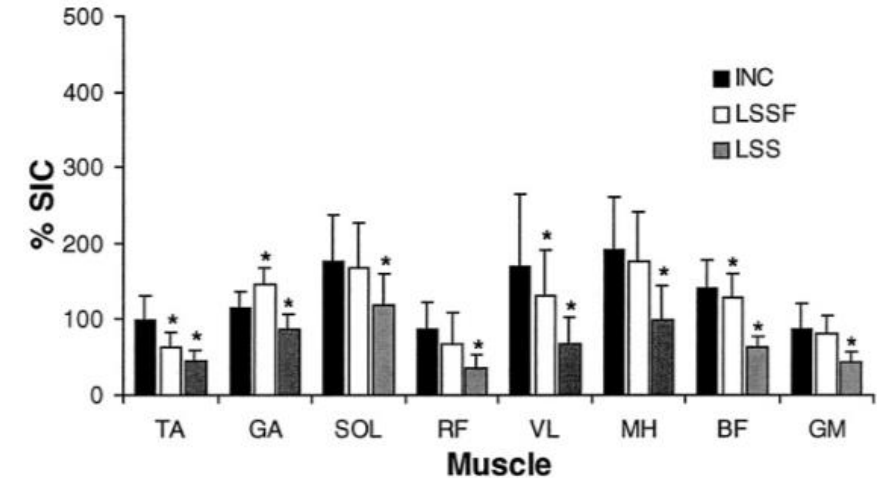
- ▶ Has been shown to increase activation of specific muscles involved in sprinting, i.e. hamstrings and hip flexors, more than over-ground running  
(Swanson & Caldwell, 1999)



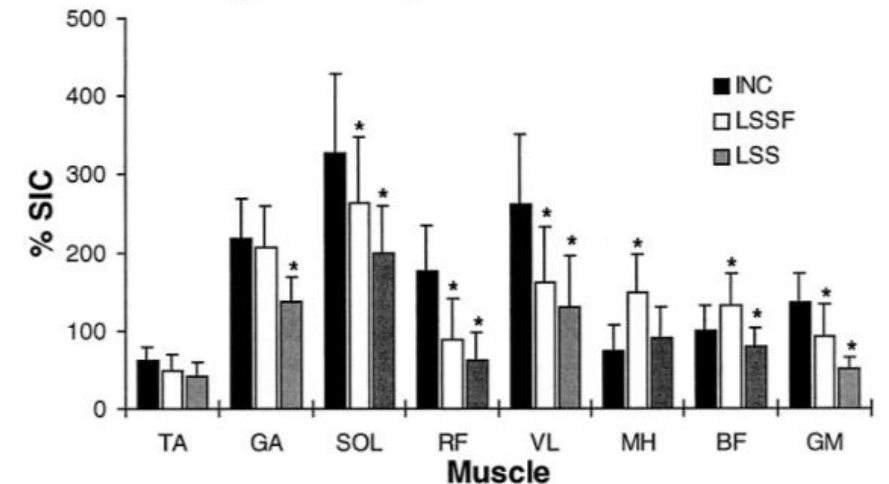
# High Speed/ High Incline Treadmill Training

- ▶ Specific Conclusions from Swanson & Caldwell (1999):
  - Incline treadmill running elicited significantly greater force from the hip flexor muscles (rectus femoris, vastus lateralis) than level ground treadmill running
  - Mann et al. (1986) have suggested that the main muscle groups that increase the speed of gait were the hip flexors and the knee extensors
  - Thus, the enhanced muscular loading of the hip flexors that takes place during incline running would be conducive to enhancing running speed

Average EMG Amplitude Before Footstrike

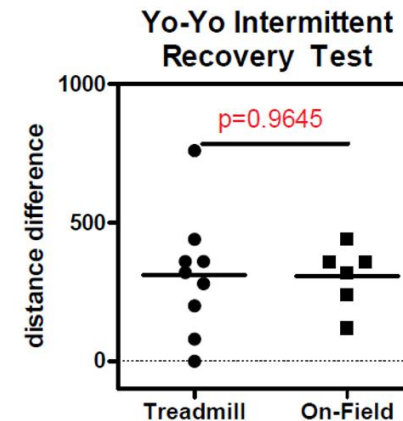
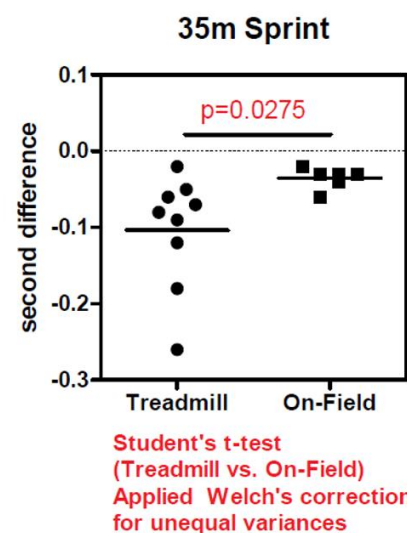
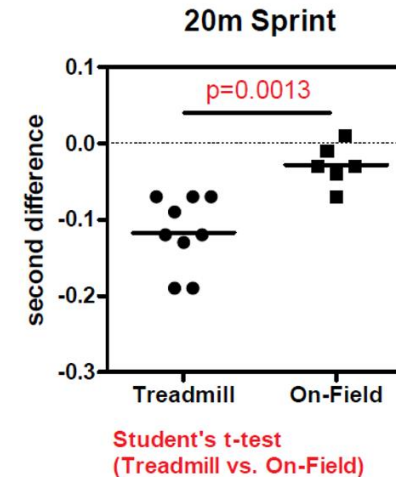
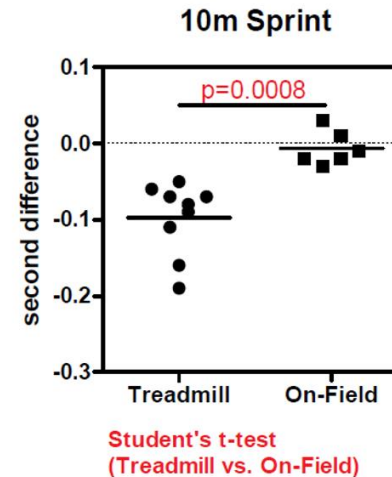


Average EMG Amplitude After Footstrike



# High Speed/ High Incline Treadmill Training

- ▶ **PROVEN Benefits of High Speed / High Incline Treadmill Training:**
  - ...Players run faster!
  - ...Player recover better!



**Q: Is there a change in test performance over time?**

Compare differences in each group to a hypothetical value of '0'-- indicating training had no impact on performance.

**10m Sprint**

Treadmill:  $p=0.0003$  **yes**  
On-Field:  $p=0.507$  **no**

**20m Sprint**

Treadmill:  $p<0.0001$  **yes**  
On-Field:  $p=0.0508$  **no**

**35m Sprint**

Treadmill:  $p=0.0031$  **yes**  
On-Field:  $p=0.0016$  **yes**

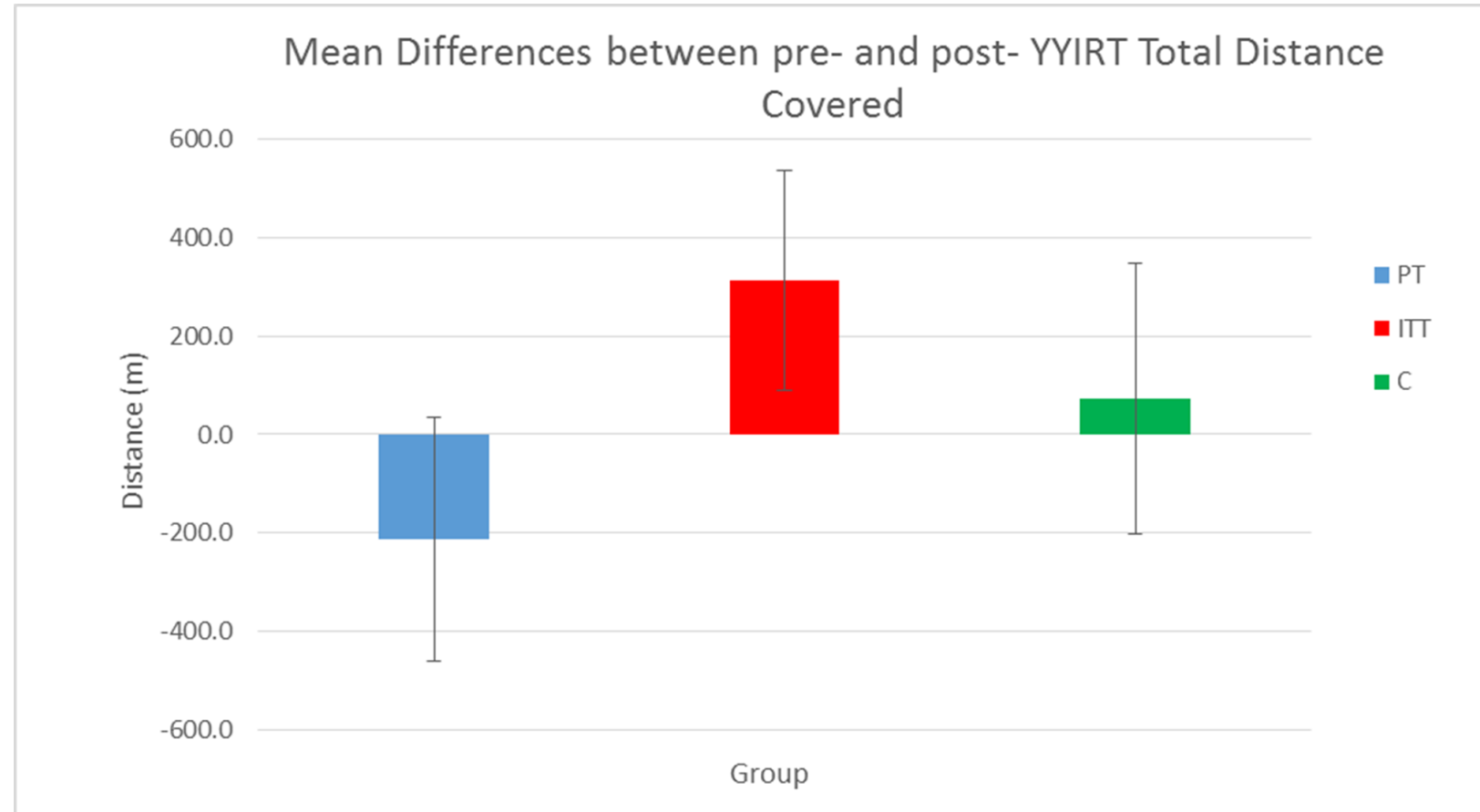
**Yo-Yo Intermittent Recovery Test**

Treadmill:  $p=0.0028$  **yes**  
On-Field:  $p=0.0011$  **yes**

From Bucciarelli et al., 2015

# High Speed/ High Incline Treadmill Training

- ▶ **PROVEN Benefits of High Speed / High Incline Treadmill Training**  
...Players recover better!



From Srbely, Linde, Bucciarelli, 2017

# Summary: PROVEN Benefits of Treadmill Training

- ▶ Players run *faster*
- ▶ Players jump *higher*
- ▶ Players recover *better*
- ▶ ALL in a **short** time period (6–8 weeks)
- ▶ ALL with **minimal** training load (~3–5 minutes running per workout)

# Summary: Why Treadmill Training?

- ▶ Intensities are higher than what can be achieved on the ground
- ▶ Allows for customization of, and seamless progression/increases in workload
- ▶ Allows coaches to focus on coaching and correcting mechanics



# Summary: Why Treadmill Training?

- ▶ Don't just take our word for it!



# The Future of Speed Training

»» Our Research: The Future of Speed Training

# Our Research: The Future of Speed Training

- ▶ We know players are running faster, but we don't know WHY
- ▶ How to find out:
  - 3-D Motion Capture
  - Electromyography
  - Force plates...Stay tuned!



# Our Research: The Future of Speed Training

- ▶ We also don't know how well they can run IN A MATCH
- ▶ How to find out:
  - Global Positioning Systems (GPS)
  - Accelerometers
  - Assessed during small- and full-sided matches...Stay tuned!



# The Future of Speed Training

»» References

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# QUESTIONS?

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